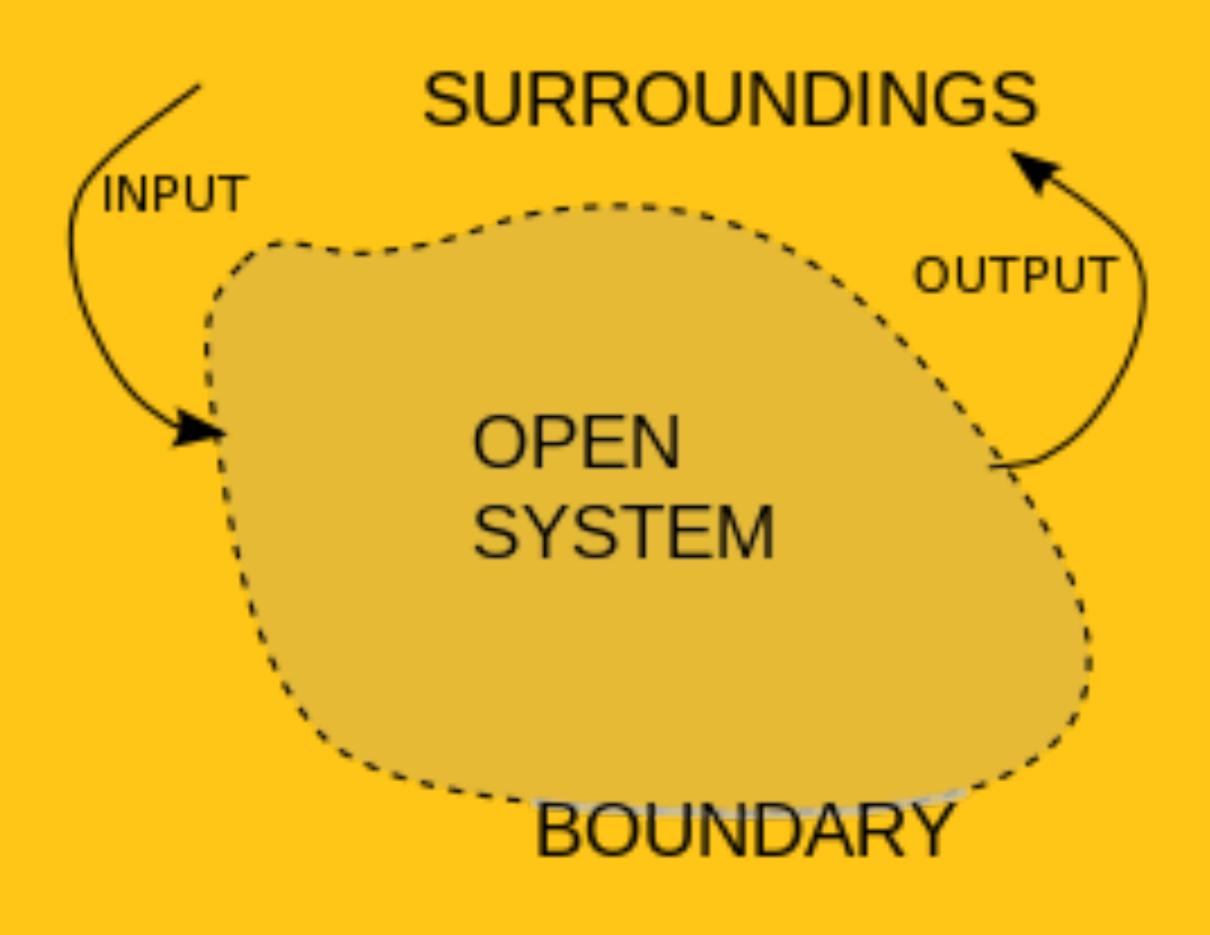
ASPEN HOPKINS



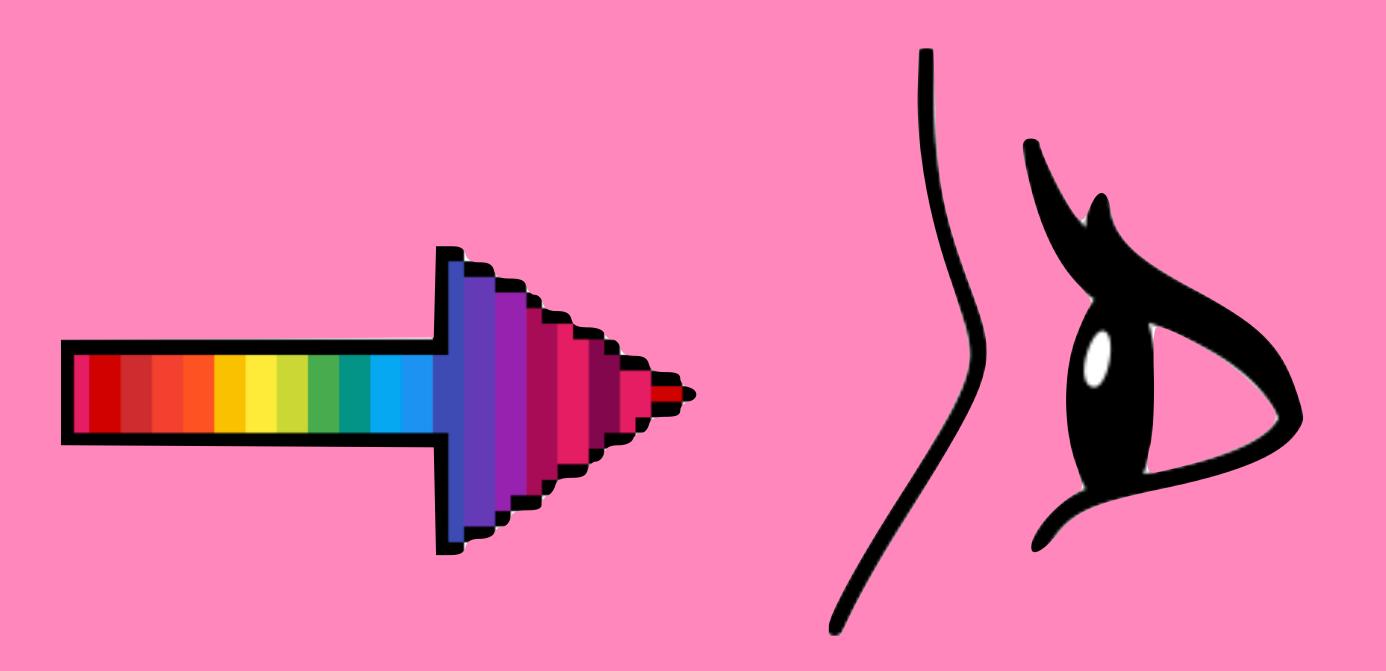


1. WHAT ARE THE INPUTS? 2. WHAT ARE THE OUTPUTS? 3. HOW IS THE OUTPUT COMPUTED?

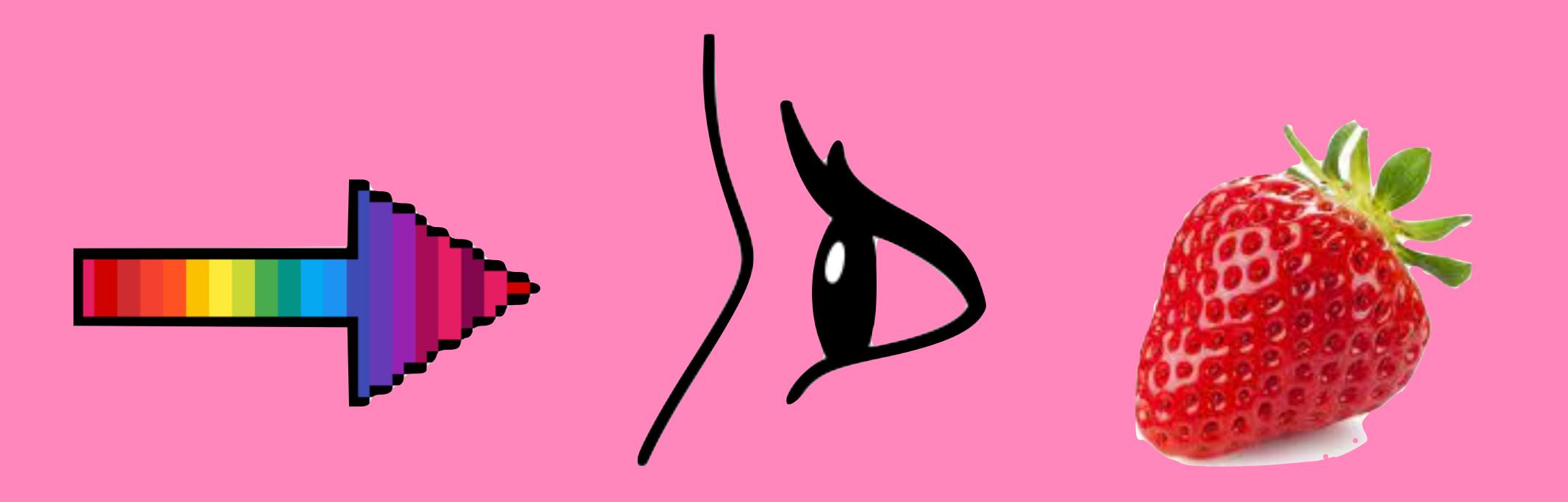
- 1. Color
- 2. Edges
- 3. Movement
- 4. Object recognition / Representations



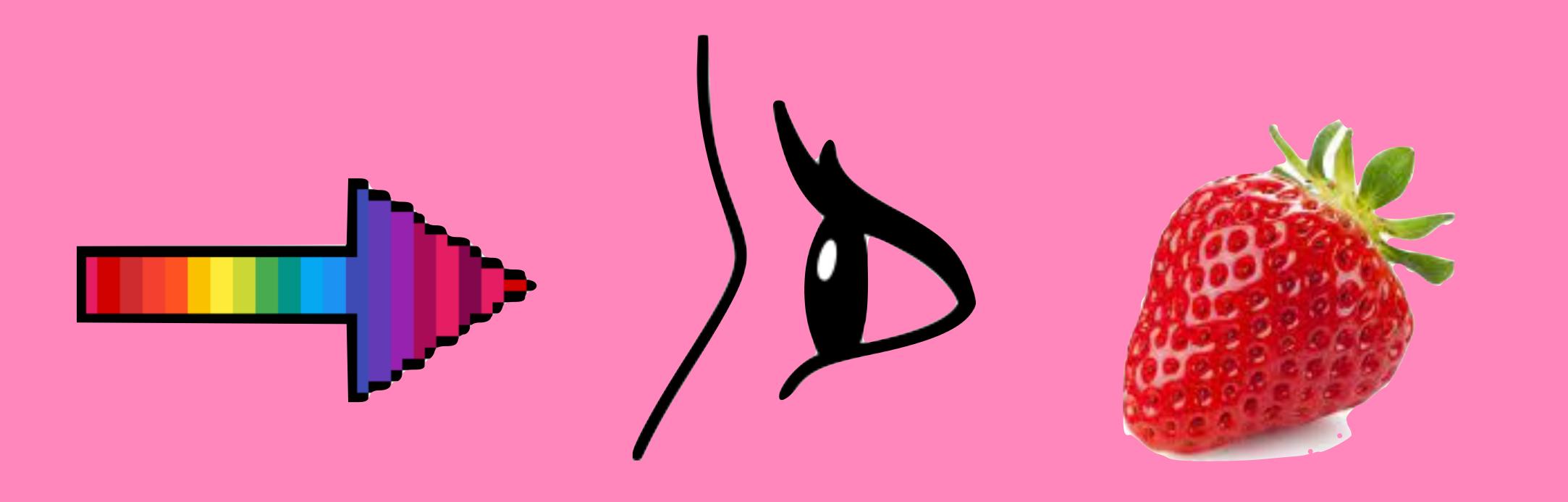




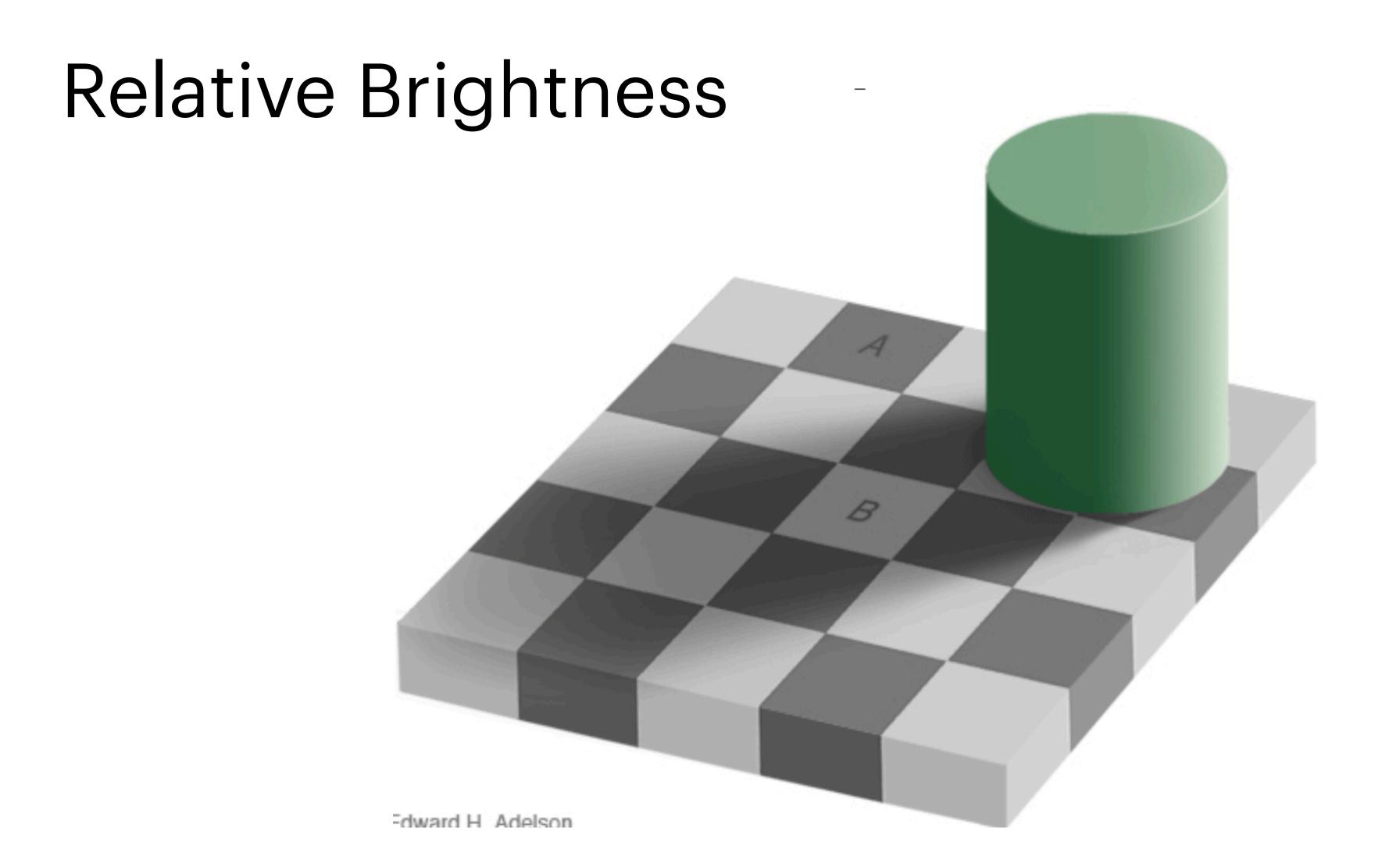
1. WHAT ARE THE OUTPUTS OF OUR SYSTEM?



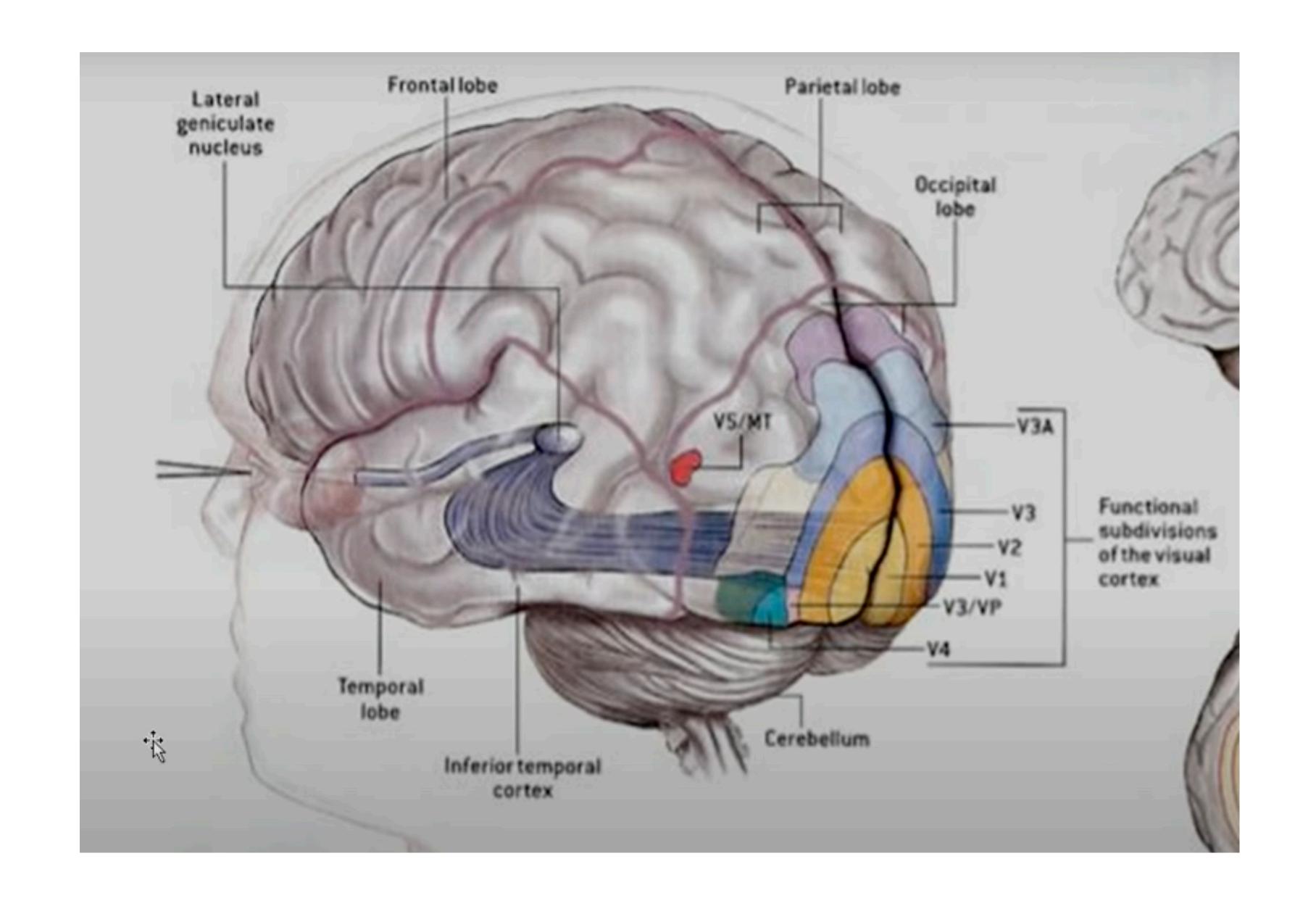
- 1. WHAT ARE THE OUTPUTS OF OUR SYSTEM?
- 2. WHAT ARE WE (THE SYSTEM) COMPUTING WITH COLOR (OUR INPUT)?

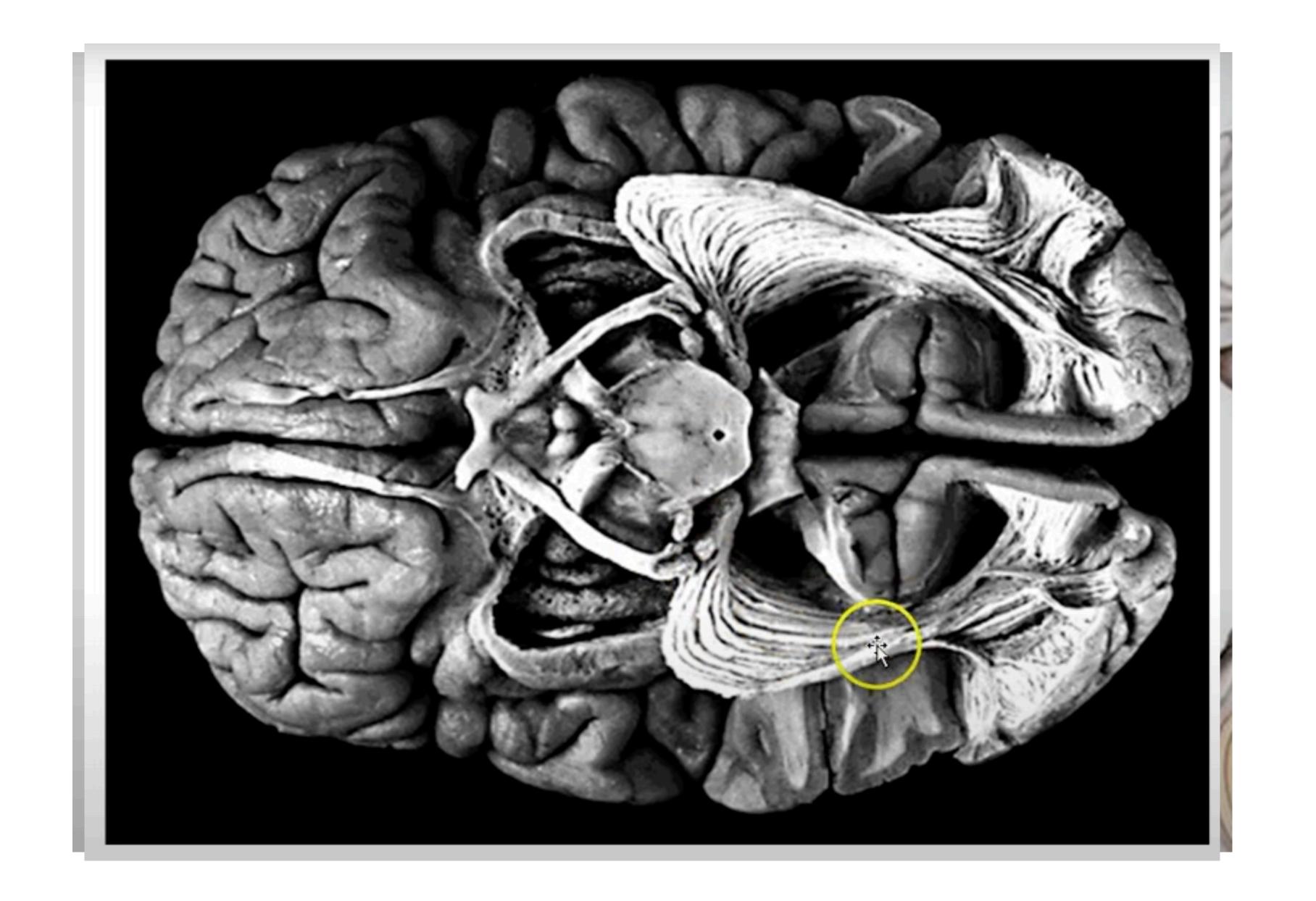


- 1. WHAT ARE THE OUTPUTS OF OUR SYSTEM?
- 2. WHAT ARE WE (THE SYSTEM) COMPUTING WITH COLOR (OUR INPUT)?
- 3. WHAT CHALLENGES DO WE FACE WHEN DETERMINING OUTPUTS FROM OUR INPUTS?



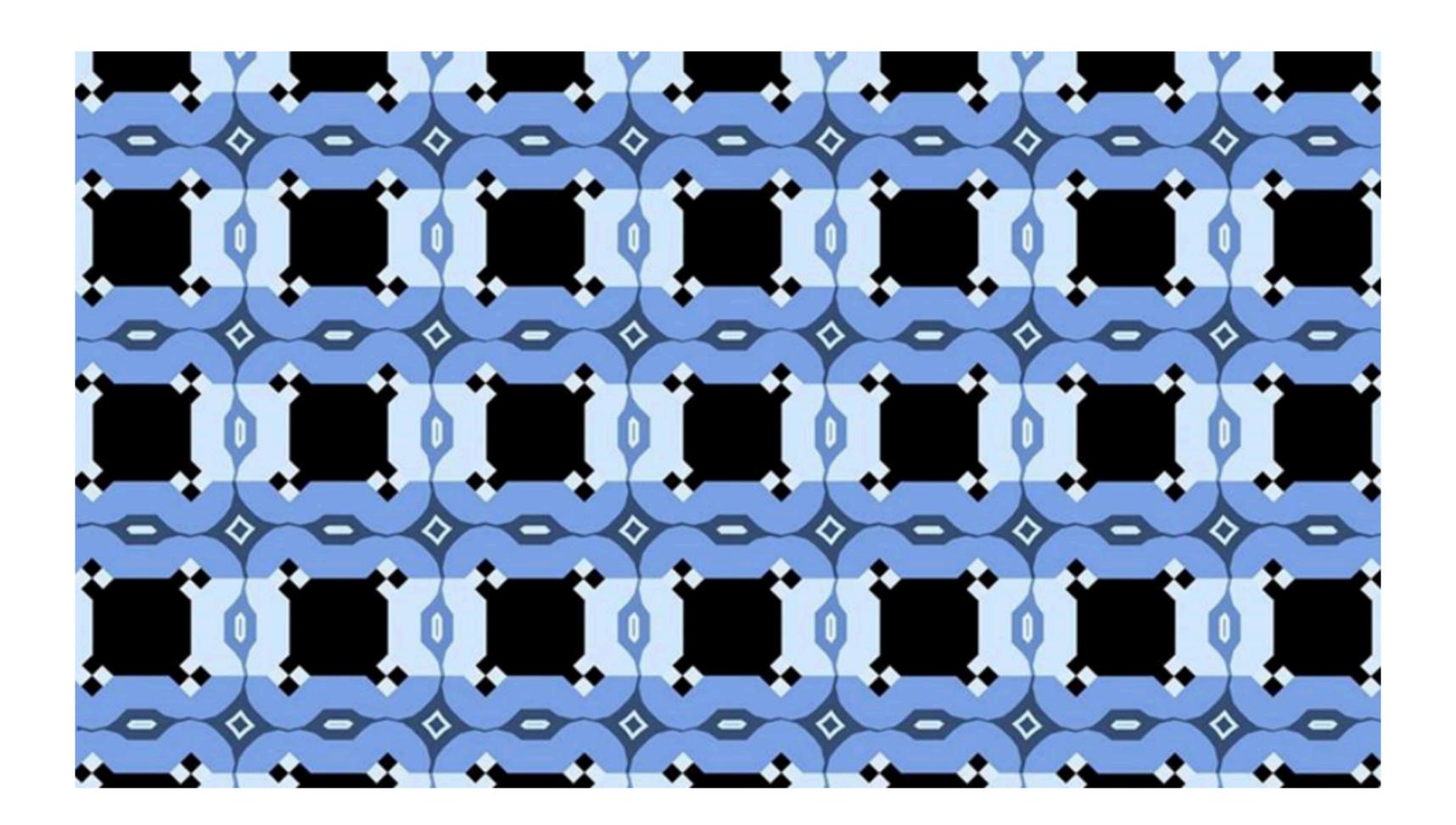


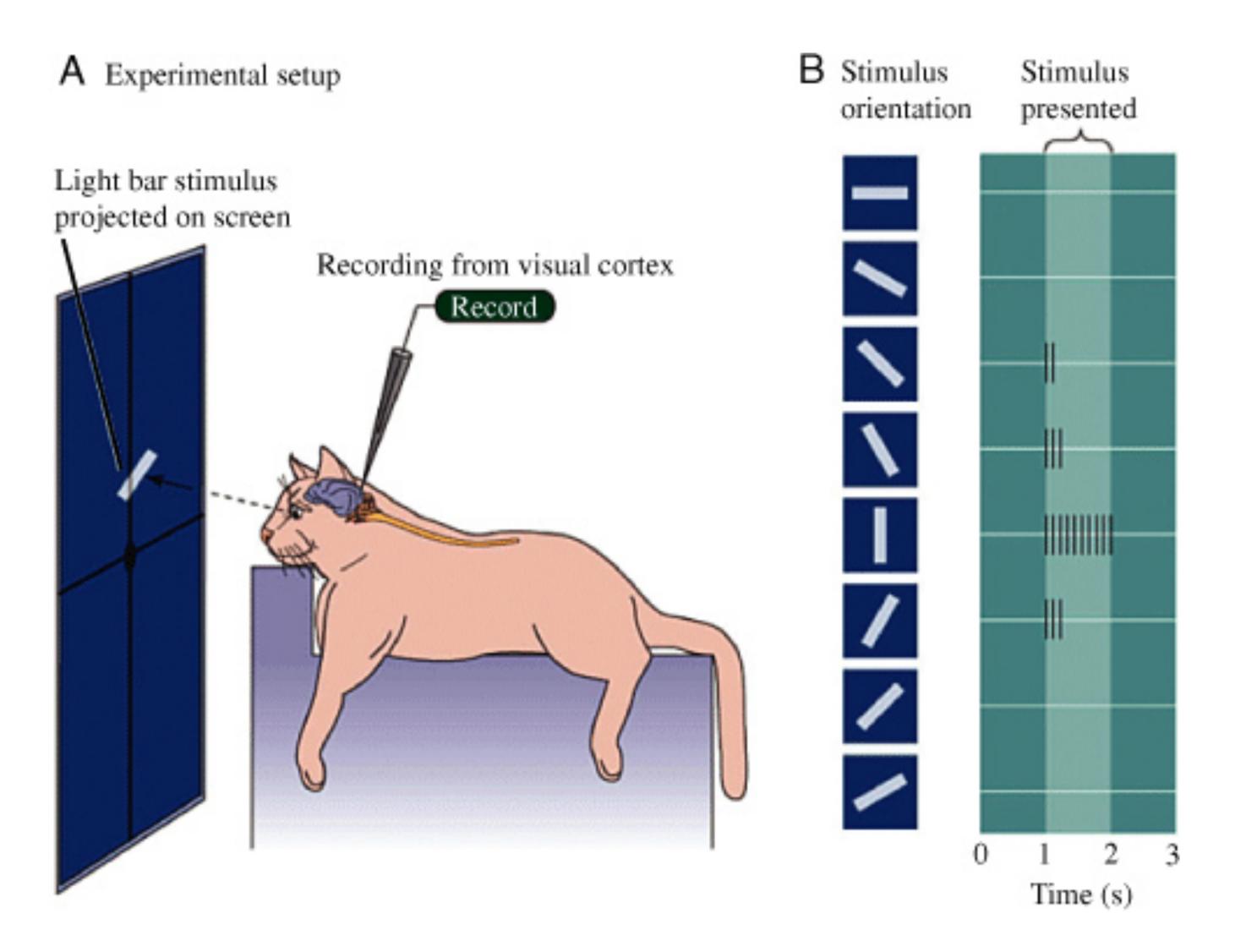




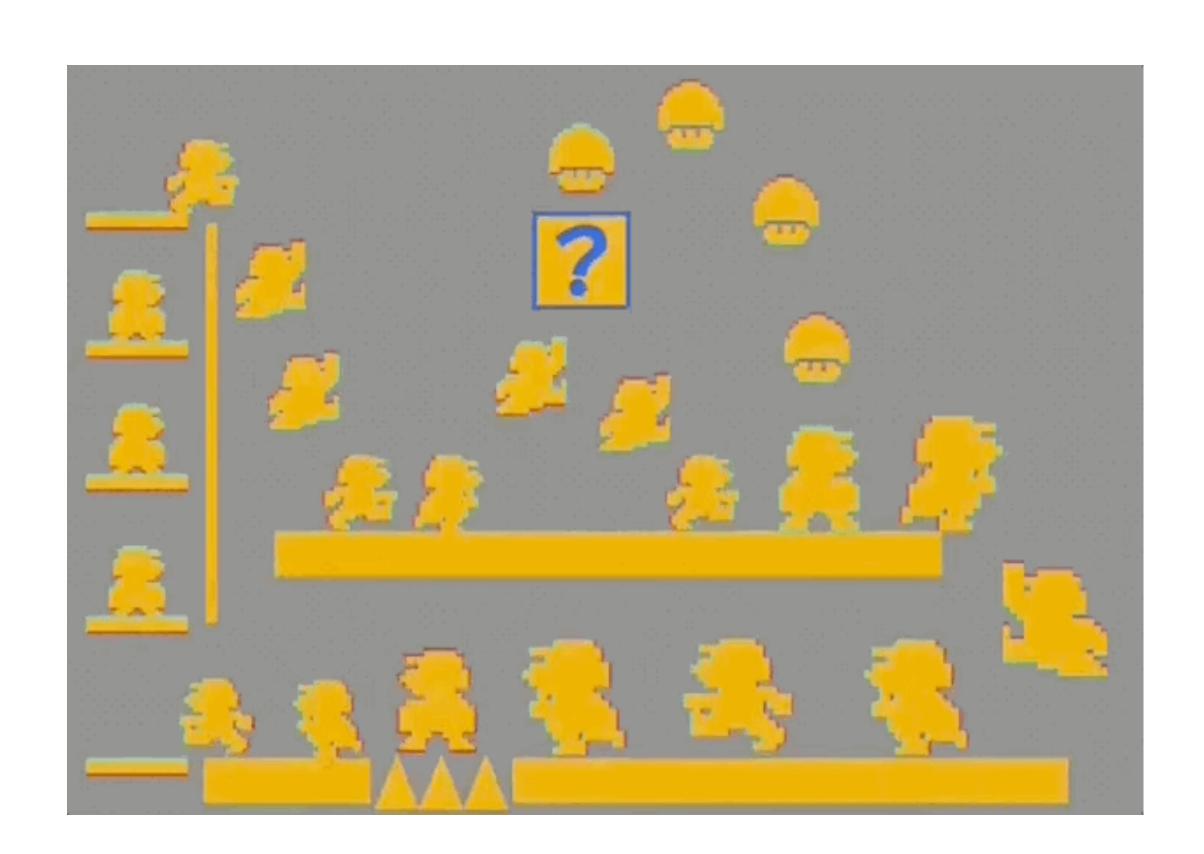


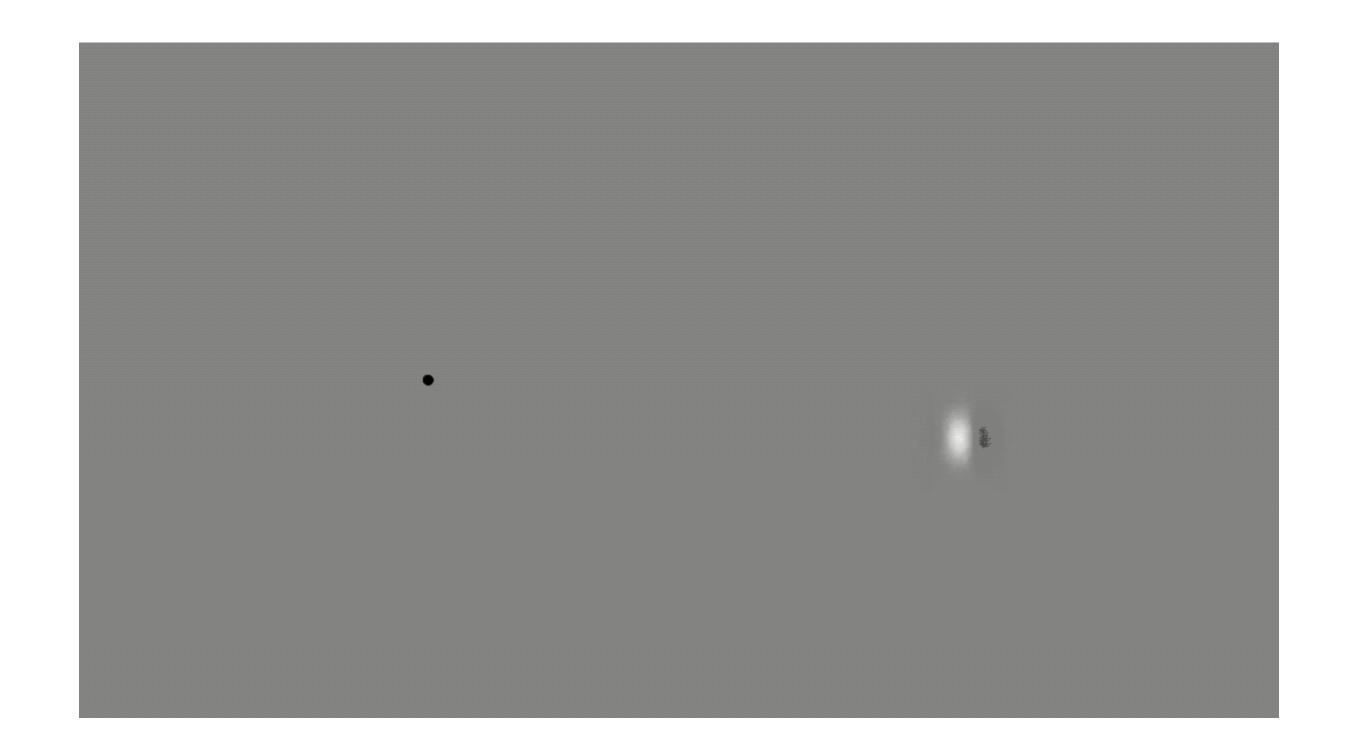
MHAIBUUTEUGES

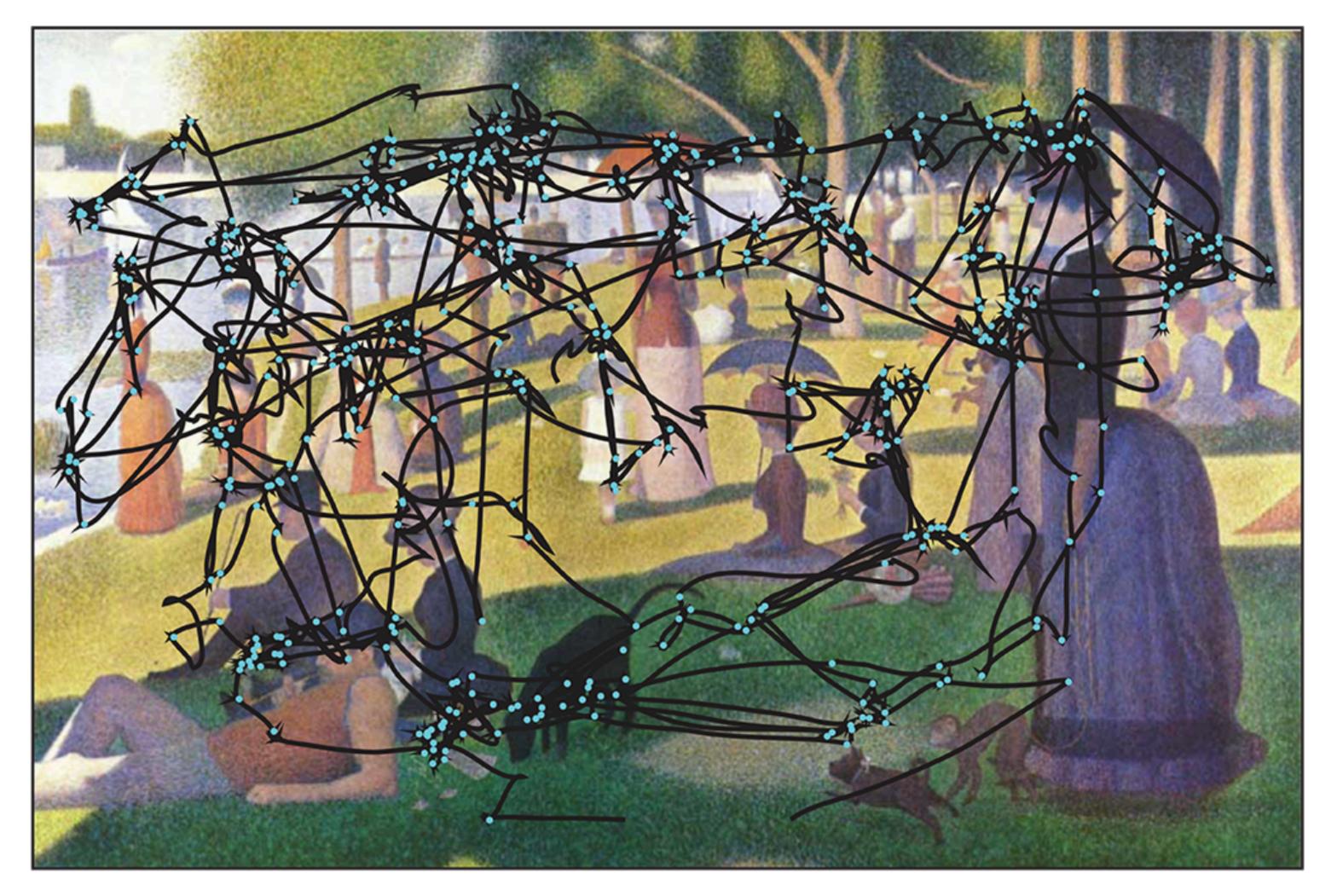




Wiesel TN, Hubel DH. Effects of visual deprivation on morphology and physiology of cells in the cat's lateral geniculate body. J Neurophysiol 26: 978–993, 1963 (http://jn.physiology.org/cgi/reprint/26/6/978).

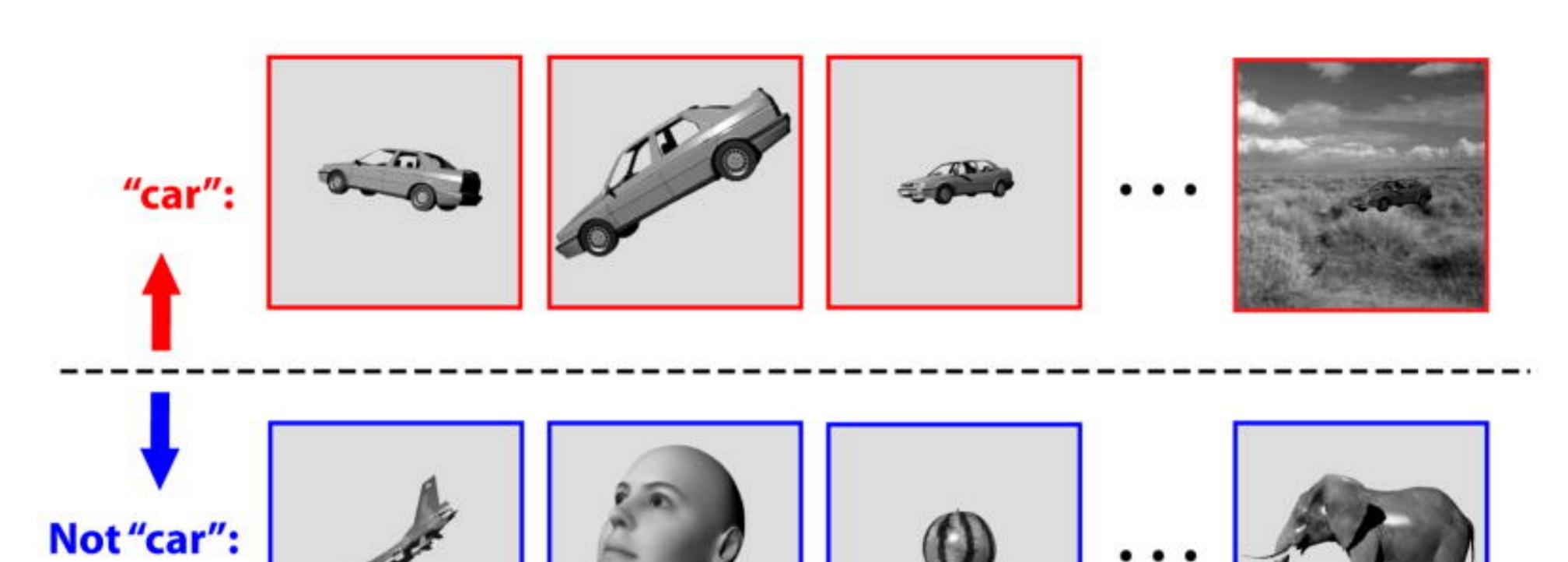




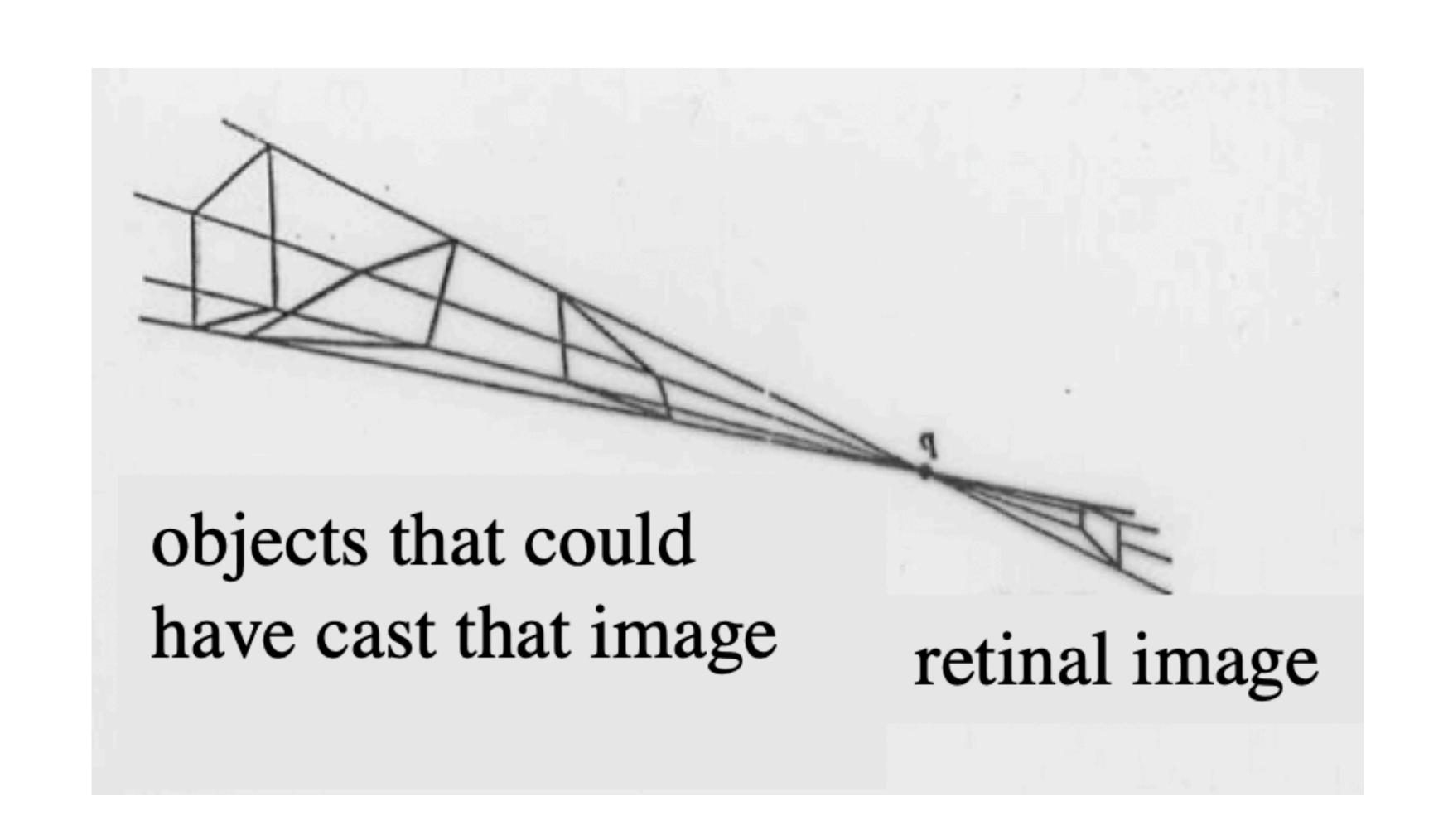


The lines scribbled over this famous Georges Seurat painting come from an experiment that tracked how the human eye jerks around as it takes in the details of the scene. R. Wurtz / Daedalus 2015 / Public Domain

CORE OBJECT RECOGNITION

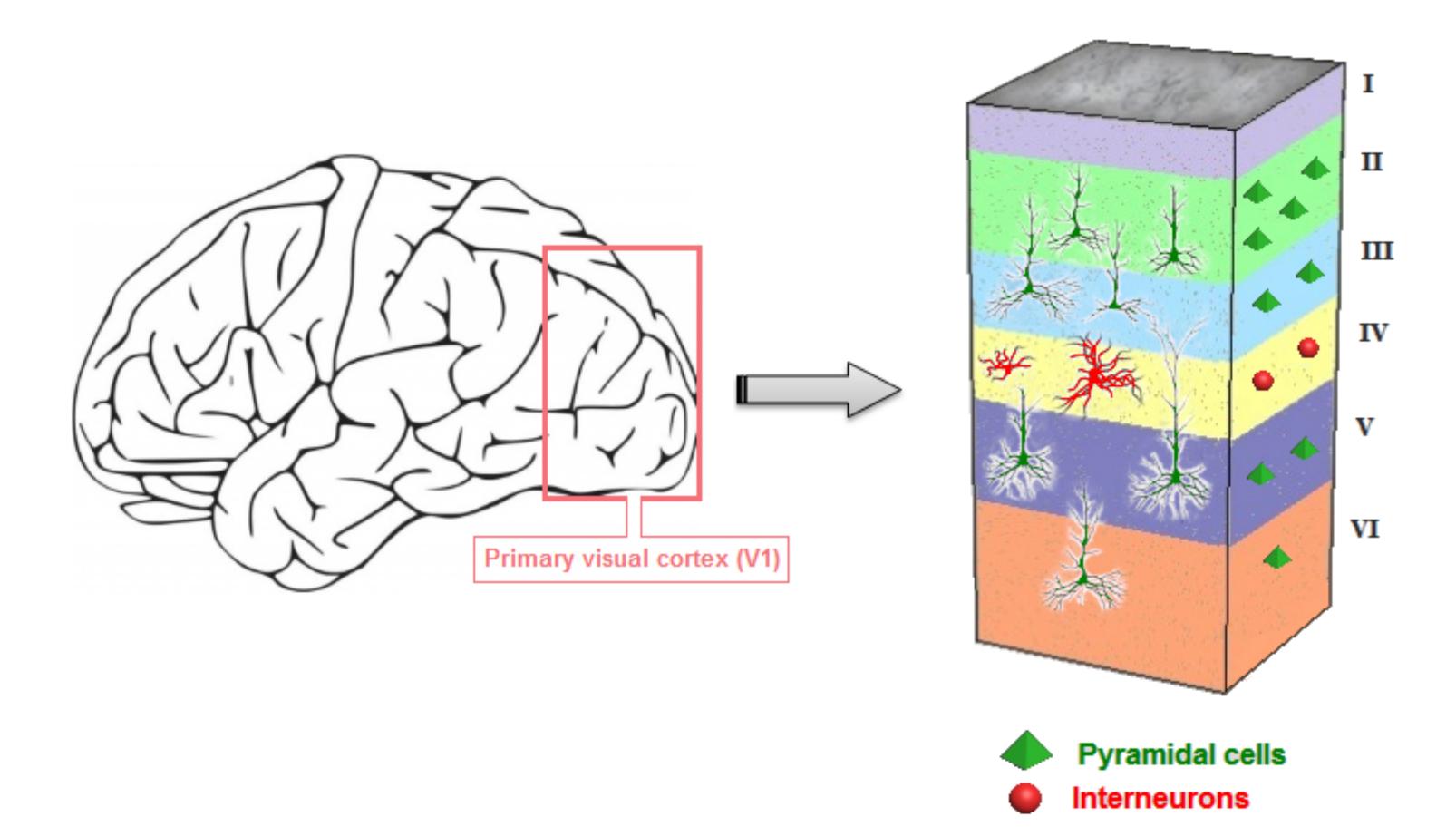


WHAT ARE THE NECESSARY INGREDIENTS FOR OBJECT RECOGNITION?

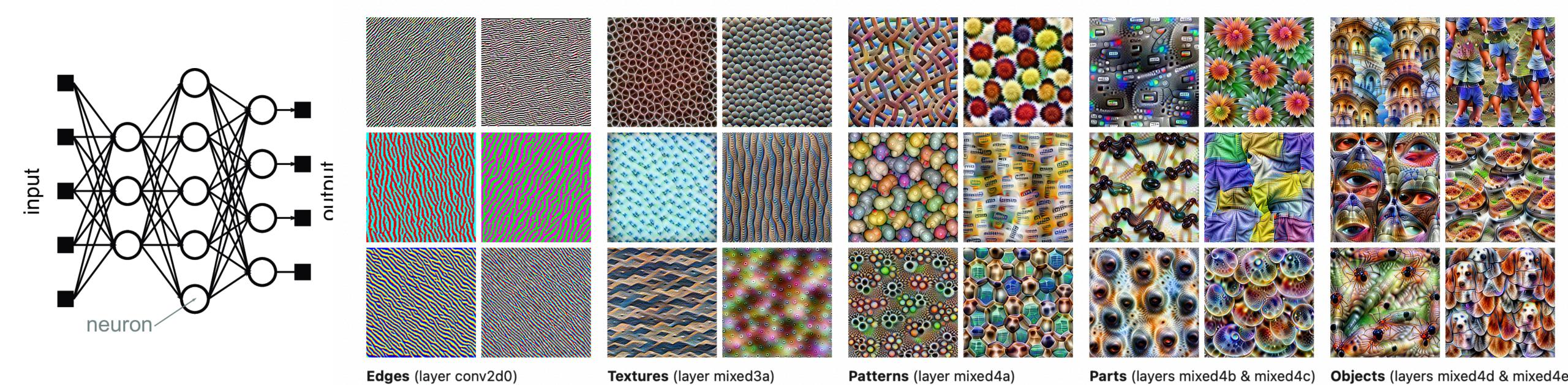


WHAT ARE THE NECESSARY INGREDIENTS FOR OBJECT RECOGNITION?

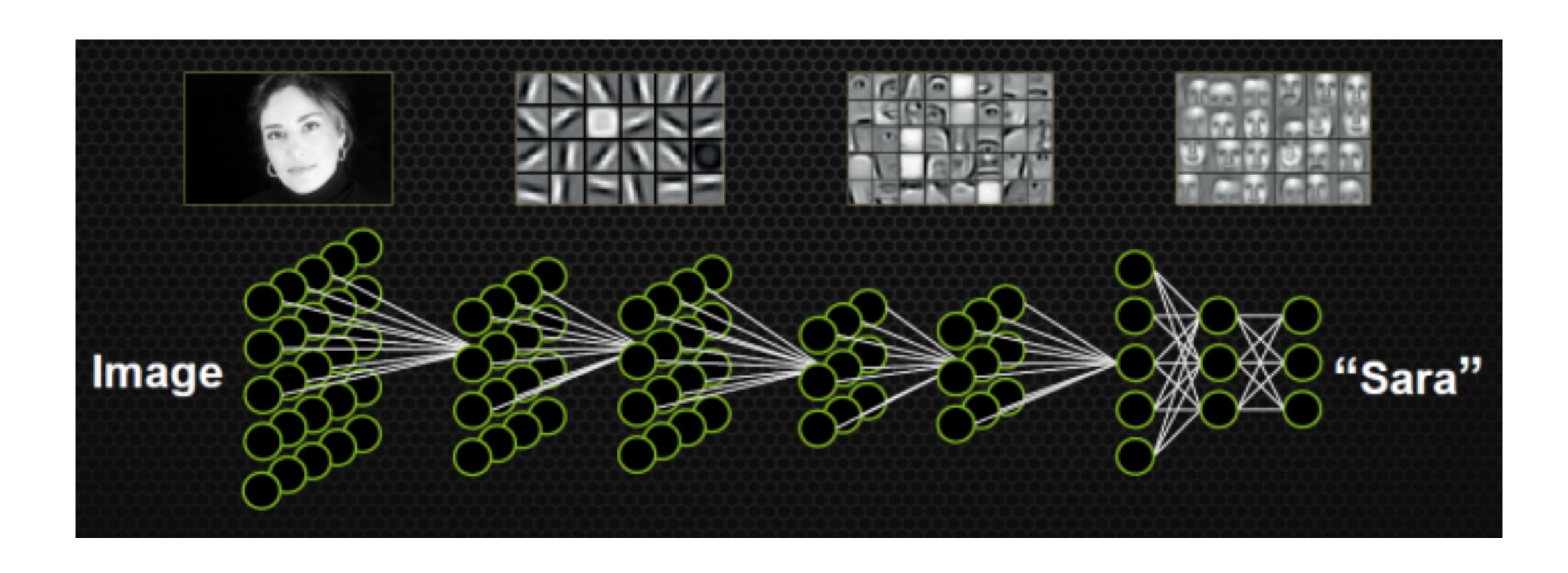
Selectivity & Invariance



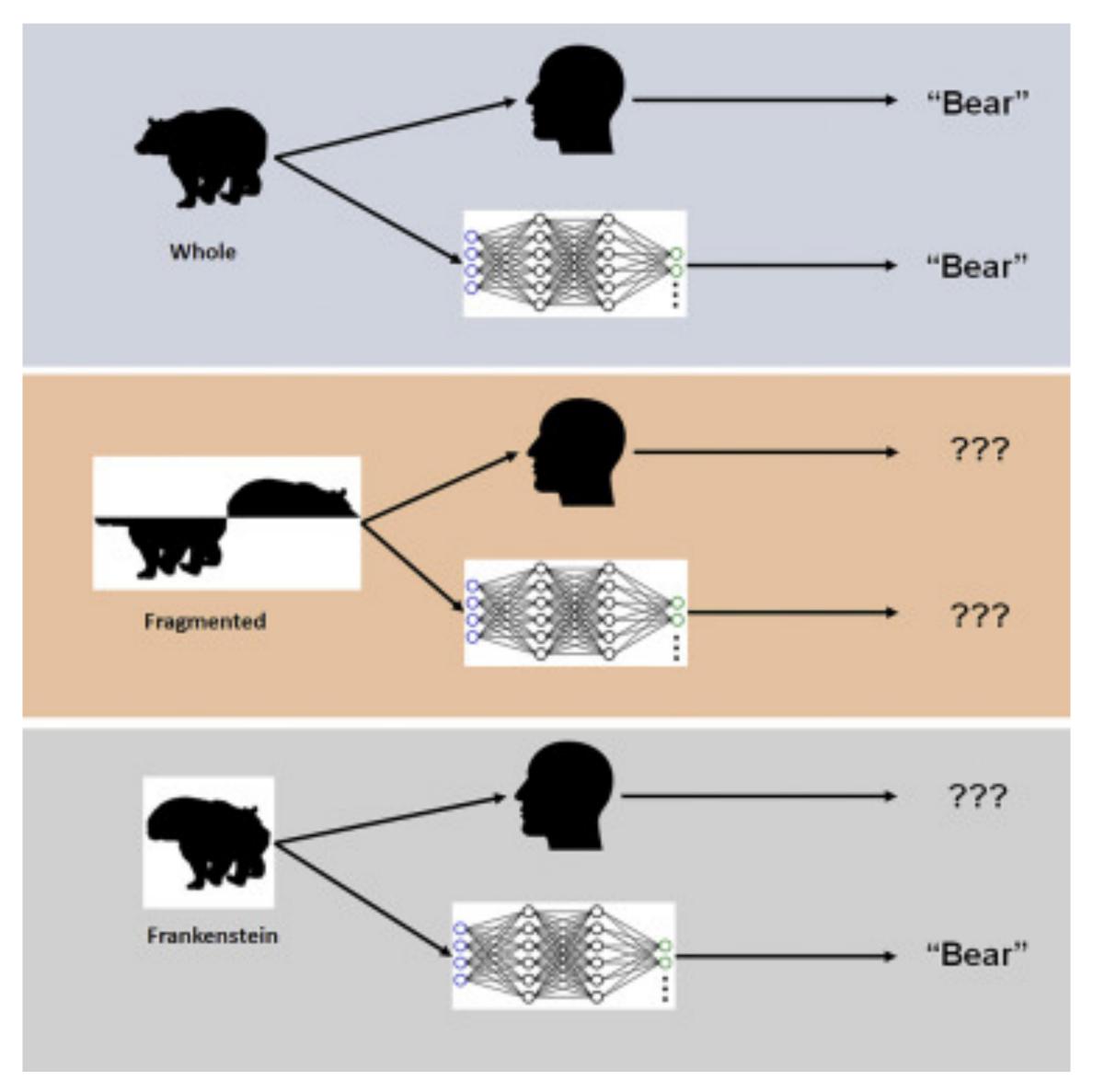
CONCEPTS ACROSS LAYERS

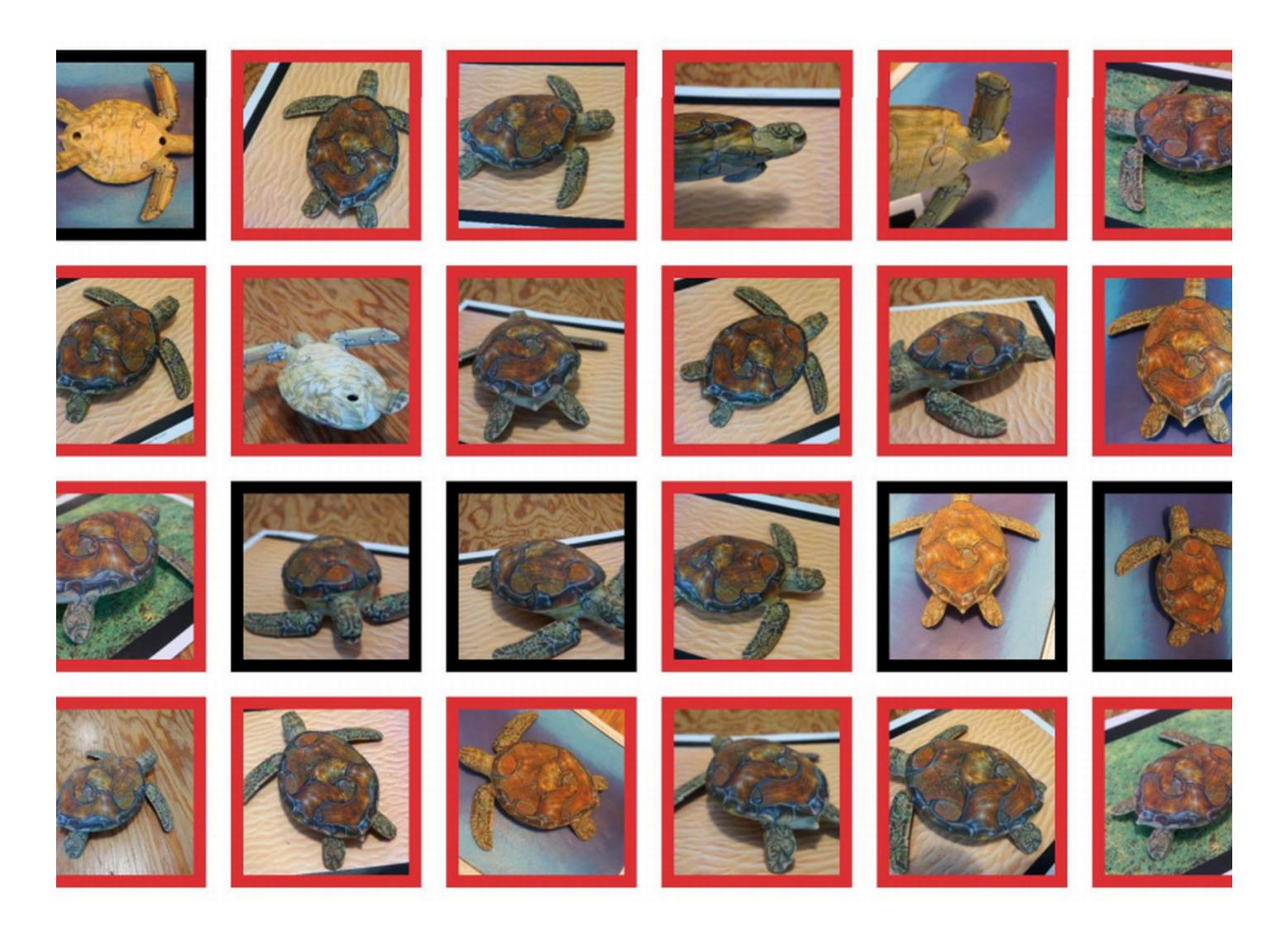


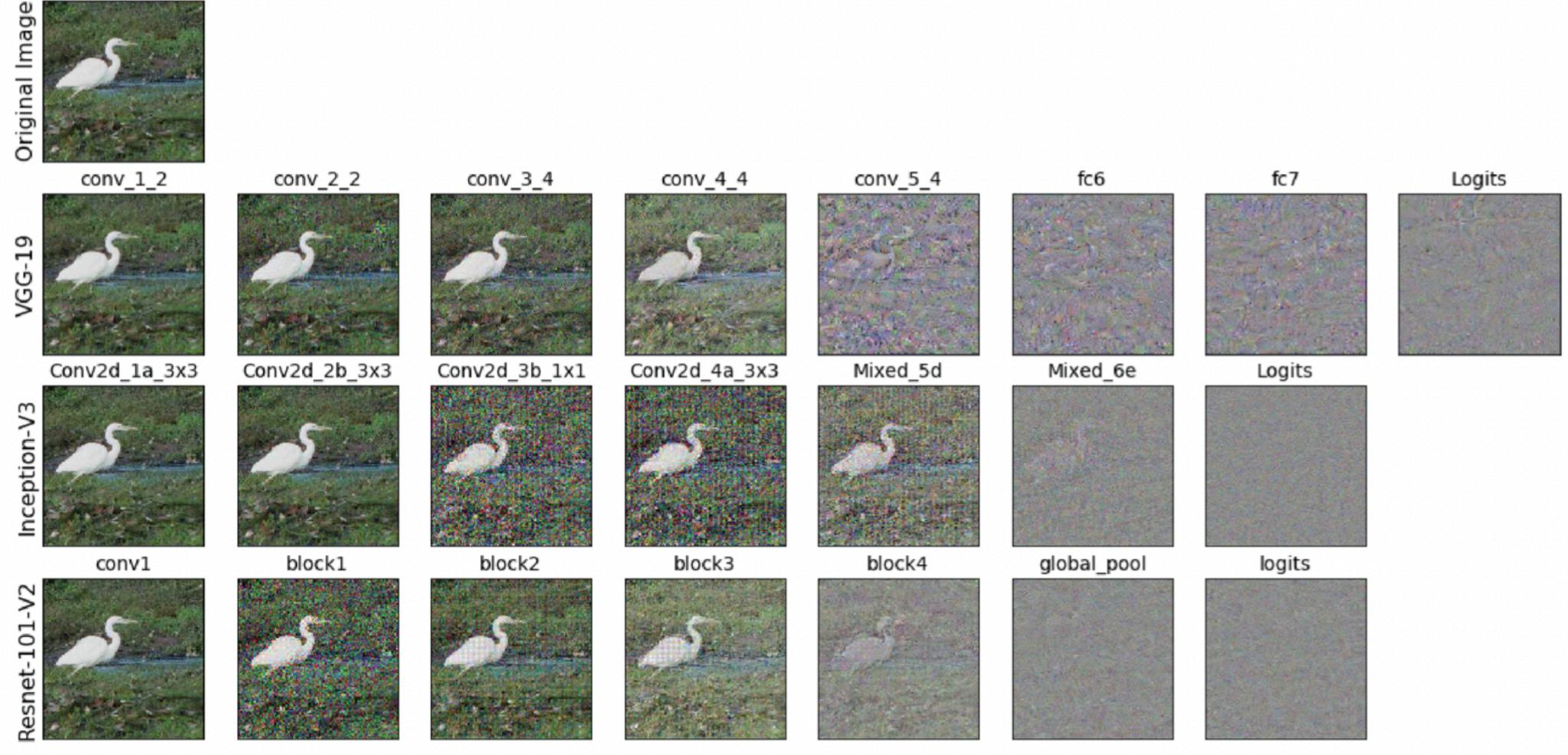
REPRESENTATIONS



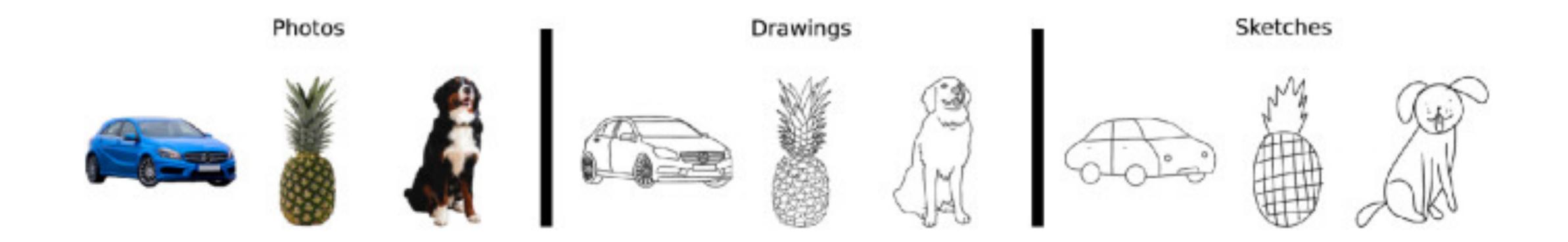
LOCAL VS CONFIGURAL SHAPE PROPERTIES







(a)



Singer et al. From photos to sketches - how humans and deep neural networks process objects across different levels of visual abstraction. 2022. Journal of Vision.

